after read as follows, and repealing State Board of Nurse Examiners disall laws in conflict therewith:

"Qualifications Section 1. Nurses training Schools and Applicants: All special hospitals approved by the Board of Nurse Examiners, and general hospitals, which are equipped with not less than twentyfive beds, and which have a daily annual average of not less than fifteen patients, and which teach the course of study prescribed by the Board of Nurse Examiners of the State of Texas, are hereby constituted duly qualified and accredited nursing schools. A general hospital, as the term is here used, is a public or private institution where women and children are men. treated for all kinds of diseases, bodily injury, or physical deformity by means of both medical and surgical treatment, and which maintains an organized staff of physicians and surgeons licensed to practice medicine in the State of Texas.

"Sec. 2. No person shall be certified as a graduate of any such nursing school unless such person has had three full years of work and study in such school under a registered nurse, two years of which must be continuous in the school of nursing from which she has graduated, or two continuous years in a special hospital and one continuous full year in a General Hospital. And such graduate upon presenting such certificate to the State Board of Nurse Examiners shall upon the payment of the required fees, be entitled to take the examinations prescribed by the State Board; and upon making the passing grades pre scribed by the Board, shall be er titled to receive from said Board a certificate certifying that such poson is a graduate nurse and entitled to practice as a registered nurse ir the State of Texas.

"Sec. 3. If any provision of this Act shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid, it shall not invalidate or effect any other provision hereof.

"Sec. 4. The failure of the present law to define what shall constitute an accredited school of nursing, and to make provision for the minimum number of beds and daily average of patients, annually, required of general hospitals, to which schools of nursing may be attached, and permitting adoption of rules by the Cotten.

criminating against the smaller general hospitals of this State to which schools of nursing may be attached, and which are conducting adequate and competent nursing schools, creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity exists that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each House be suspended, and said rule is hereby suspended, and this Act shall be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

Minutes of Committee Meetings.

Minutes of Committee on State Affairs Held February 14, 1935. Regular Meeting.

Present: Pace, Blackert, Collie, Cotten, DeBerry, Fellbaum, Holbrook, Hornsby, Hughston, Martin, Moore, Oneal, Rawlings, Redditt, Regan, Shivers, Small, Stone, Sulak.

Absent: Hopkins.

H. C. R. No. 32 was reported favorably by viva voce vote with the recommendation it be printed.

REEVES, Secretary.

Minutes of the Game, Fish and Oyster Committee Held February 15, 1935.

Present: Shivers, Holbrook, Small, Cotten, Oneal, Pace, Redditt and Sulak.

S. B. No. 204 was reported favorably by viva voce vote.

S. B. No. 210 was reported favorably by viva voce vote. HAZEL AVERY, Secretary.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY.

Senate Chamber,

Austin, Texas,

February 18, 1935.

The Senate met at 10 oclock a. m., pursuant to adjournment, and was called to order by President Pro Tem., K. M. Regan.

The roll call disclosed a quorum, the following Senators being present:

Beck. Blackert. Burns. Collie.

Davis. Duggan. Holbrook. Hopkins. Hornsby.

Hughston. Regan. Martin. Sanderford. Moore. Shivers. Neal. Small. Oneal. Stone. Pace. Sulak. Poage. Van Zandt. Westerfeld. Rawlings. Redditt. Woodruff.

Absent—Excused.

DeBerry. Fellbaum. Hill.

Prayer by the Chaplain. Further reading of the Journal was dispensed with on motion of Senator Cotten.

Petitions and Memorials.

(See Appendix.)

Committee Reports.

(See Appendix.)

Minutes of Committee Meetings.

(See Appendix.)

Senators Excused.

Senator Fellbaum was excused for Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday on account of important business, on motion of Senator Burns.

Senator Hill was excused for the day on account of important business, on motion of Senator Sulak.

Senator DeBerry was excused on account of important business for today and tomorrow, on motion of Senator Martin

Bills and Resolutions.

Senate Bill No. 307.

By Senator Collie:

S. B. No. 307, A bill to be entitled "An Act relating to the procedure in criminal cases where the defense of an alibi is relied upon by the defendant; requiring the defendant or his attorney to advise the prosecuting attorney of such defense and furnishing a list of the witnesses by whom the alibi will be proved at least two days before the trial thereof; repealing all laws in conflict, and declaring an emergency."

Read and referred to the Committee on Criminal Jurisprudence.

Senate Bill No. 308.

By Senator Westerfeld:

S. B. No. 308, A bill to be entitled "An Act amending Chapter Two, Subdivision 1 of Title 42 of the Revised Civil Statutes of the State of Texas, so as to add thereto an article to be known as Article 2001a, providing for supplemental pleadings by parties concerning exceptions, denials and allegations in reply to pleadings, and concerning allegations of new facts and the consideration of such supplemental pleadings in connection with prior pleadings of the parties, and declaring an emergency."

Read and referred to the Committee on Civil Jurisprudence.

Senate Bill No. 809.

By Senator Burns:

S. B. No. 309, A bill to be entitled "An Act providing relief for the Centralia Common School District, No. 35, of Trinity County, Texas, in order to aid said school district in rebuilding its properties and equipping its school which was destroyed by cyclone which struck the community of Centralia on the 7th day of February, 1935; providing for work relief; making an appropriation to aid said district for said property, and declaring an emergency."

Read and referred to the Committee on Finance.

Scnate Bill No. 310.

By Senator Small:

S. B. No. 310, A bill to be entitled "An Act amending Article 467 of the Revised Civil Statutes of the State of Texas so as to provide for the disposition of unclaimed deposits in the hands of the Banking Commissioner and the Banking Board and to provide a mode for the distribution of such funds an declaring an emergency."

Read and referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

Senate Resolution No. 40.

Senator Beck yielded the floor to Senator Blackert, who asked unanimous consent to take up and pass S. R. No. 40.

Senator Holbrook objected.

Senator Blackert moved to take

up S. R. No. 40 out of its regular order.

Senator Blackert withdrew his motion to take up S. R. No. 40.

Senate Bill No. 146.

The Chair laid before the Senate on its second reading the following bill which had been set for special order today after the morning call:

By Senators Beck, Poage, Hornsby, Collie, Rawlings, Martin, Redditt, Sanderford, Woodruff, Fellbaum, Pace, Duggan, Hughston, Hopkins, DeBerry, Davis, Stone and Westerfeld:

S. B. No. 146, A bill to be entitled "An Act to create the Department of Public Safety of the State of Texas; and the Public Safety Commission; providing for the appointment of members of the Public Safety Commission, and for the organization of the Commission and of the Department; providing for the transfer of the Texas Ranger Force from the Adjutant General's Department to the Department of Public Safety."

Senator Beck sent up the following amendment:

Amend S. B. No. 146, paragraph 5, Sec. 17, page 6, by striking out lines 13, 14 and 15 and inserting in lieu thereof the following: The Adjutant General shall provide suitable buildings, land and State-owned equipment located in Camp Mabry, Austin, Texas, for the use of this bureau in the conduct of its training schools.

BECK.

Read and unanimously adopted.

The committee report recommending that the bill be not printed was adopted by unanimous consent.

The bill was read second time and passed to engrossment by viva voce vote.

On motion of Senator Beck, the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days was suspended and S. B. No. 146 was put on its third reading and final passage by the following vote:

Yeas-27.

Beck. Cotten.

Blackert. Davis.

Burns. Duggan.

Collie. Holbrook.

Hopkins. Redditt. Hornsby. Regan. Hughston. Sanderford. Martin. Shivers. Moore. Small. Neal Stone. Oneal. Van Zandt. Pace. Westerfeld. Poage. Woodruff. Rawlings.

Nays-1.

Sulak.

Absent-Excused.

DeBerry. Fellbaum. Hill.

Read third time and finally passed by the following vote:

Yeas-27.

Oneal. Beck. Blackert. Pace. Burns. Poage. Rawlings. Collie. Cotten. Redditt. Regan. Davis. Sanderford. Duggan. Shivers. Holbrook. Hopkins. Small. Hornsby. Stone. Van Zandt. Hughston. Westerfeld. Martin. Woodruff. Moore. Neal.

Nays--1.

Sulak.

Absent—Excused.

DeBerry. Fellbaum. Hill.

Senate Resolution No. 40.

Senator Blackert received unanimous consent to take up for consideration S. R. No. 40, "Relative to sending a delegate to Washington, D. C., to attend the Second Interstate Assembly."

Senator Blackert moved the adoption of S. R. No. 40.

S. R. No. 40 was adopted by the following vote:

Yeas-19.

Beck. Hornsby.
Blackert. Hughston.
Cotten. Martin.
Duggan. Moore.

Neal. Sanderford. Pace. Shivers. Poage. Small. Rawlings. Stone. Redditt. Westerfeld. Regan.

Nays—6.

Collie. Davis. Holbrook. Sulak. Van Zandt. Woodruff.

Present-Not Voting.

Oneal.

Arsent.

Burns.

Hopkins.

Absent-Excused.

DeBerry. Fellbaum. Hill.

Joint Session.

At 11 o'clock, the Chair stated that the time set for a Joint Session of the House and Senate for the purpose of hearing an address by the Hon. Hal H. Sevier had now arrived.

Senate Resolution No. 46.

Chair recognized Senator Woodruff. Senator Woodruff asked unanimous consent that S. R. No. 46 be recalled from the Committee on Rules for consideration.

There was objection.

Senator Woodruff moved that S. R. No. 46 be recalled from the Committee on Rules for consideration.

Point of Order.

Senator Poage raised a point of order that the hour for the Joint Session had arrived and that nothing could displace it.

The Chair, President Pro Tem., K. M. Regan, sustained the point of order.

Motion to Stand at Ease.

Senator Van Zandt moved that the Senate stand at ease until 2 o'clock p. m.

Point of Order.

Senator Moore raised the point of order that the Senate cannot stand at ease if they were to attend the Joint Session.

Sustained.

Joint Session.

At 11 o'clock a. m., the Senate adjourned to the House for the Joint Session.

In the House.

In accordance with a resolution heretofore adopted, inviting Hon. Hal H. Sevier to address a Joint Session of the House and Senate at 11 o'clock a. m., today. The Senate appeared at the Bar of the House and being admitted, were escorted to seats prepared for them along the aisle.

President Pro Tem., K. M. Regan, being invited, occupied a seat on the Speaker's stand.

Senators Hornsby, Neal and Collie escorted the speaker to the stand. Speaker Stevenson then presented President Pro Tem., K. M. Regan, who in turn introduced Senator Hornsby, who introduced Hon. Hal H. Sevier, minister to Chile. Hon. Hal H. Sevier then addressed

the Joint Session.

Senate Called to Order.

The Senate returned to the Senate Chamber at 11:30 o'clock a. m., and was called to order by President Pro Tem., K. M. Regan.

Senate Bill No. 299.

On motion of Senator Moore and by an affirmative vote of four-fifths of the membership of the Senate, the constitutional rule relating to the passage of General Bills during the first 40 days of the session was suspended and consent was granted to take up and consider the following bill by the following vote:

Yeas-28.

Oneal. Beck. Pace. Blackert. Burns. Poage. Collie. Rawlings. Cotten. Redditt. Regan. Davis. Sanderford. Duggan. Holbrook. Shivers. Hopkins. Small. Hornsby. Stone. Hughston. Sulak. Martin. Van Zandt. Moore. Westerfeld. Neal. Woodruff.

Absent-Excused.

DeBerry. Fellbaum. Hill.

By Senator Moore:

S. B. No. 299, A bill to be entitled "An Act to provide that in all counties having a population of three hundred fifty-five thousand (355,000) inhabitants or more according to the last preceding or any future Federal census, the county judge, sheriff, county clerk, criminal district attorney, district clerk, assessor and collector of taxes, jus_ tice of the peace and constables thereof, shall, subject to the conditions hereinafter set out, be entitled to draw and receive such annual compensation as is allowed them under the terms of Article 3883 of the Revised Civil Statutes, and declaring an emergency."

The rule requiring committee reports to lie over one day was suspended by unanimous consent.

The committee report recommending that the bill be not printed was adopted by unanimous consent.

The bill was read second time and passed to engrossment by viva voce vote.

On motion of Senator Moore the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days was suspended and S. B. No. 299 was put on its third reading and final passage by the following vote:

Yeas-28.

Beck.	Oneal.
Blackert.	Pace.
Burns.	Poage.
Collie.	Rawlings.
Cotten.	Redditt.
Davis.	Regan.
Duggan.	Sanderford.
Holbrook.	Shivers.
Hopkins.	Small.
Hornsby.	Stone.
Hughston.	Sulak.
Martin.	Van Zandt.
Moore.	Westerfeld.
Neal.	Woodruff.

Absent-Excused.

DeBerry.

Hill.

Fellbaum.

Read third time and finally passed Burns. by the following vote:

Yeas-28.

Beck. Oneal. Blackert. Pace. Poage. Burns. Collie. Rawlings. Cotten. Redditt. Davis. Regan. Duggan. Sanderford. Holbrook. Shivers. Hopkins. Small. Hornsby. Stone. Sulak. Hughston. Van Zandt. Martin. Moore. Westerfeld. Woodruff. Neal.

Absent-Excused.

DeBerry. Fellbaum. Hill.

Motion to Adjourn.

Senator Poage, at 11:35 o'clock a. m., moved that the Senate adjourn until Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

Senator Poage withdrew his motion to adjourn.

Executive Session.

Senator Oneal asked unanimous consent that the Senate do go into executive session at 11:45 o'clock a. m. today to consider Governor's nominations.

Unanimous consent was granted.

Senate Resolution No. 47.

Senator Cotten received unanimous consent to send up S. R. No. 47 in memory of Mrs. Thomas M. Camp_ bell.

Senator Pace requested that the names of all the Senators be added.

Senator Small moved the adoption of S. R. No. 47.

S. R. No. 47 was adopted by a rising vote.

Senate Bill No. 118.

Motion to Concur.

Senator Small moved that the Senate do concur in House amendments to S. B. No. 118.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Yeas-28.

Beck. Cotten. Blackert. Davis. Duggan. Collie. Holbrook.

Redditt. Hopkins. Hornsby. Regan. Hughston. Sanderford. Martin. Shivers. Moore. Small. Neal. Stone. Oneal. Sulak. Pace. Van Zandt. Poage. Westerfeld. Woodruff. Rawlings.

Absent—Excused.

DeBerry. Fellbaum. Hill.

Senate Bill No. 278.

Senator Martin asked unanimous consent that advanced printing be had on S. B. No. 278.

Unanimous consent was granted.

Statement.

Senator Rawlings received unanimous consent to send up and have printed in the Journal the following statement:

> The Senate of The State of Texas Austin

> > February 9, 1935.

Hon, Walter F. Woodul, Lieutenant Governor, and Members of the Senate.

Gentlemen:

While the Senate had under consideration H. C. R. No. 6 (dealing with retainers and the source of compensation of the members of the Legislature), I made the statement on the floor of the Senate that I expected to file a statement giving the information called for in the resolution, irrespective of the adoption of tion of motor vehicles in this State. the resolution.

The records will show that a substitute (of which I was joint author) the House Resolution adopted in the Senate, by the terms of which the scope of the original resolution was enlarged. The House of Representatives has refused to fees for examining abstracts of tipass this substitute which was offered by me in the Senate in good faith, and which would have af-forded a wonderful opportunity for a full and complete investigation. I regret that persons presumably does a general practice. highly interested in a thorough investigation did not lend enthusias- or general on a yearly or monthly

tic support to the substitute adopted by the Senate.

In keeping with my statement, I ask the consent of the Senate to file this statement voluntarily, and to have it printed in the Senate Journal.

For several years, I have engaged in the practice of law in Fort Worth, Texas. The fees received from my profession constitute my income and the source of my livelihood.

Long before I became a member of the Texas Senate, I represented a few persons and firms operating common carrier truck lines. I am still representing some of They operate under certificates of necessity and convenience issued by Railroad the Commission. The names of the principal ones are Merchants Fast Motor Sproles. Lines, Red Ball Motor Freight Line. Red Arrow Motor Freight Line. Johnson Motor Line, and Golden (Some of them Eagle Bus Lines. are not incorporated. The bus company operates through Texas only as an interstate line, and does no intrastate or local business in Texas.) In most instances, the owners of the concerns named herein have been my close personal friends for many years, as well as clients. At the present, some of them are paying on the monthly plan, but no compensation has been received from them, or from any other person, except for legal services actually rendered, and the amounts of the fees have been modest in comparison with the work done.

Since I have been a member of the Senate, I have been the joint author and have sponsored the passage of bills to strictly regulate the opera-My vote for these bills has not met with the approval of many of the persons engaged in that line of business.

In addition to the above clients, I have also engaged in a general practice from which I have received tles, preparing contracts, writing wills, preparing legal papers, filing suits for the collection of debts and damages, and other similar matters ordinarily handled by a lawyer who

I represent no "interest," special

salary, or otherwise "antagonistic to the masses of the people." I have no financial interest in any corporation, organization, or association (except my law firm), and I am not, nor have I ever been, an officer or director in any such concern. I do not now represent, nor have I ever represented, any "special" or predatory interests; and I am not now receiving, nor have I ever received, compensation from any such source; nor have I accepted any campaign contributions from any such source.

During my campaign for the office of State Senator in 1930, one of my opponents charged that I was the attorney for some of the truck operators of this State, and attempted to make a political issue out of it. I openly admitted that I was at that time, and for a long time prior thereto had been, representing persons engaged in such line of business, and no attempt was made by me to keep this information from the people of my district. During my campaign for re-election to the office of State Senator in 1934, these charges were repeated by some of my opponents. No denial was made that I represented persons engaged in such business, but, on the contrary, it was frankly admitted from the stump on numerous occasions during the campaign. Notwithstanding these charges and admissions, the voters of the Twenty-eighth Senatorial District returned me to office with a majority of over seven thousand votes, that majority being several thousand votes greater than that received by any other candidate for office in Tarrant County in the 1934 Primary election, and I have no hesitancy, therefore, in disclosing under oath the information concerning my clients and the source of my income in private life.

I do not now have, nor have I ever had, any relatives working for the State of Texas in any Department.

For convenient reference, a copy of House Concurrent Resolution No. 6 and the Senate substitute referred to above are attached hereto, with the request that they also be printed in the Senate Journal along with this statement.

Respectfully, FRANK H. RAWLINGS.

(Seal)

Subscribed and sworn to before me the undersigned authority on this or the 9th day of February, 1935.

BESSIE L. PIERCE, Notary Public in and for Travis County, Texas.

(Copy.)

By Russell, et al. H. C. R. No. 6.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Whereas, It is one of the most sacred tenets of the Democratic faith that man cannot serve two masters at one and the same time; and

Whereas, It is commonly believed and talked throughout the State that members of the Legislature are representing interests that are antagonistic to, and conflicting with, the interests of the masses of the people by whom the members of the Legislature are elected; and

Whereas, The Democratic party of the State of Texas has gone on record opposing such practice by the members of the Legislature; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, That the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate appoint a committee of six (6) members, three (3) from each body, who shall be authorized and empowered to draft a form of questionnaire which shall be in such form as will show, when answered, the trade, occupation, or profession of the member preparing it, and the names of any organization, corporation, or association by which that member is retained and from which he accepts any retainer or salary on a monthly, yearly or constituent basis at the time of the taking the oath of office; and be it further

Resolved, That answers to the questions propounded by the committee through its questionnaire shall be made under oath; and be it further

Resolved, That the committee authorized to secure this information be directed to make a full and complete report to the House and Senate, which report shall be printed in the House and Senate Journals.

Substitute for H. C. R. No. 6.

By Senators Rawlings, Hopkins, and Martin: .

Whereas, House Concurrent Res-

olution Number 6 contains certain advisable to extend the scope of the charges and insinuations inferentially directed at the lawyer members of the Forty-fourth Legislature, in which it is stated that "it is commonly believed and talked throughout the State that members of the Legislature are representing interests that are antagonistic to, and conflicting with, the interest of the masses of the people," and

Whereas, the resolving section of said resolution requires a committee to draft a form of questionnaire which will show, when answered, the trade, occupation, or profession of the member preparing it, and the names of any organization, corporation, or association by which that member is retained and from which he accepted any retainer or salary on a monthly, yearly, or constituent basis at the time of taking the oath of office, and

Whereas, The Forty-fourth Legis_ lature is composed of members coming from the various walks of life. such as the legal profession, medical profession, bankers, merchants, mechanics, salesmen, brokers, insurance business, publishers, farmers, stock men and ranchers, and teachers and other trades or professions, and

Whereas, It is thought that the requirements of said House Concurrent Resolution No. 6 are not broad enough or sufficiently inclusive to ascertain the sources of income of the members of the Legislature, and

to broaden the scope of said resolution to the end that all of the members, regardless of their trade, profession, or occupation, shall be required to disclose the full and complete source or sources of their income, and

Whereas, Charges have been made against certain State officials of the extravagant expenditure of funds during the Democratic Primaries in 1934, and of the violation of the Primary Laws, and

Whereas, It is believed that it is bad public policy for candidates for important State offices, including candidates for the State Senate and House of Representatives, to reinterests that may be directly affected by the administration of said State offices, and

investigation beyond that of the original House Concurrent Resolution No. 6 so as to include and inquire into the campaign expenditures of such candidates for State office, and to inquire into any other conduct on the part of such candidates, or their representatives, that may throw light upon their fitness or qualification to hold said offices; and to likewise inquire into the conduct of such officials after the election to determine whether there has been any malfeasance, misfeasance, or non-feasance by them in office, and

Whereas, It is believed that sound public policy justifies and requires a disclosure of the income received by all State officials, including heads of departments, and including the members of the State Senate and House of Representatives, whether elected or appointed, and

Whereas, It is rumored that the Nepotism Statute is being violated by certain State officials, and

Whereas, It has been rumored further that, during the campaign in 1934, contributions were demanded by candidates for State offices from their employees in State Departments, and it is believed that public policy demands and requires a complete disclosure as to such contributions, if any, and such promises as to such consideration of the filling of positions by both the successful and Whereas, It is thought advisable the unsuccessful candidates for such offices, and

Whereas, It is believed that, in view of the many charges that were made during the campaign and since the election involving the honor and integrity of such candidates, and those who were elected to office, a complete investigation of such charges and rumors should be made so that the people may have the facts, and

Whereas, The original resolution as passed by the House of Representatives is not broad enough to cover these many charges and to bring out the information that should be developed, it being impracticable, if not impossible, to prepare a quesceive campaign contributions from tionnaire that will properly elicit all of the facts; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring, That Whereas, It is believed that it is the Lieutenant Governor and the

Speaker of the House of Representatives appoint a joint committee composed of seven members, three to be appointed by the Lieutenant Governor, three by the Speaker of the House and one by the Attorney General, which member shall be a lawyer of outstanding ability and integrity, and said committee is hereby authorized and empowered and directed to investigate immediately and to report to the present session of the Legislature from time to time as their investigations proceed, and to determine whether members of the Legislature. and especially lawyers, are representing interests that are antagonistic to, and conflicting with, the interests of the masses of the people, by whom the members of the Legislature are elected; to find out the trade, occupation, or profession of the several members of the Legislature, and the names of any organizations, corporations, or associations by which said members are retained and from which they accept any retainer or salary on a monthly, yearly, or "constituent" basis; and the names of any and all such organizations, corporations, associations and persons from whom they have accepted such retainers as salary or other compensation on a monthly, yearly or constituent basis since the primary election in the year 1930, together with the date of the beginning of such employment and such member shall give full information concerning such employment and compensation, said committee shall also investigate and determine whether said members are serving "two masters at one and the same time."

In addition to the foregoing information, said committee shall inquire into the source of income and get the following information from members of the Legislature belonging to the following classes, covering the period of time since January 1, 1934:

or names of the banking institutions tation of oil produced in violation with which the member is connected, whether as an officer, direc- mission. tor, or stock holder, and the names of the principal depositors in the bank or banks with which said members are connected, and to ascertain surgeon for any company or organwhether or not any interest antago- | ization, and if so, the compensation nistic to the interests of the masses received for such services.

is doing a banking business with such institution or institutions.

- (2) Merchants -- the kinds of goods, wares, and merchandise sold, and the names of the principal customers trading with said members, and to ascertain whether such merchants have been transacting business with any person or business concern that is adverse to the interests of the masses.
- (3) Publishers—The name of the newspaper or other publications which the members own, or are interested in, either as an officer, director, or stockholder, and the principal advertisers patronizing such publications, and whether any interest antagonistic to the masses of the people purchase advertising space from such publication or publications.
- (4) Insurance and Bonding Business—the name of the company, association, or agency with which the member is connected, whether as agent, officer, director, or stock holder, giving the names and addresses of purchasers of bonds or insurance in substantial amounts, and the amount of premiums paid, and whether insurance or bonds are sold to and premiums collected from interests antagonistic to the masses.
- (5) Oil Business—the name of the company or companies with which the member is connected, either as an employee, agent, officer, director, or stockholder; this classification should also include members engaged in the business of selling oil leases and royalties, and they shall be required to give the names of persons to whom they have sold or assigned oil leases and royalties, and the compensation received therefor, and whether or not any member of the Legislature or any State official has aided, advised or assisted any person in violating any of the Conservation Laws of this State, or in the running of what is commonly known as "hot oil," or (1) Banking business—the name procuring tenders for the transporof the orders of the Railroad Com-
 - (6) Medical Profession the names of their patients, and whether or not such member is physician or

- retail-the names and addresses of their principal customers, whether or not any special interests them, and to state whether they patronize said drug stores, and the have handled any oil, either directly amount of money received by such or indirectly, that has been promembers from the sale of spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors, and whether or not such members comply with the law with reference to the sale of spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors.
- (8) Farming and Stock Raising they shall disclose what sums, if any, were received by them from funds appropriated by the State to pay pink boll worm losses, losses to live stock, milk claims, and other sums of money received from State appropriations.
- (9) School Teachers—they shall be required to disclose all fees, gratuities, and other things of value, if any, received by them from text book companies and other persons selling supplies to the schools.
- (10) Real Estate Brokers—thev shall be required to disclose whether or not they have sold or leased any real estate to any special interests antagonistic to the masses of the people, and if so, the amount of commissions or fees received by them.
- (11) Salesmen and Lease Brokers -they shall be required to disclose the names of the persons with whom they have been transacting business, and the amount of commissions, if any, they have received from such persons.
- (12) Salesmen—they shall be required to disclose the names of persons by whom they are employed. the names of persons to whom sales have been made, the nature of the commodity sold, and the compensation received therefor.
- (13) Telegraph and Telephone disclose the name of the person, firm, or corporation by whom they are employed, and the amount of com-
- (14) Advertising business—they shall be required to disclose the names of persons, firms, and corporations with whom they are transacting business, and the amount of compensation they have received in seeking pardons. from such business.

- (7) Drug business, wholesale or the persons, firms, or corporations who employ them, and to give the and amount of compensation received by duced in violation of the laws of this State, or in violation of the orders of the Railroad Commission.
 - (16) Chemists—they shall be required to disclose the names of persons, firms, or corporations by whom they are employed and to give the amount of compensation received by them.
 - (17) Jobbing or Selling School Supplies—they shall be required to give the name of the person, firm, or corporation by whom they are employed, and the amount of compensation received for such services, and names and addresses of persons or firm to whom they have sold school supplies.
- (18) Abstracters—they shall be either directly or through any State required to give the names of persons with whom they have done business and the amount of compensation received.
 - (19) Building Contractors—they shall be required to disclose the names of persons, firms, or corporations for whom they have constructed buildings, or done any work, and the amount of compensation received therefor.
 - (20) The members of the Senate and House of Representatives shall file a sworn statement with the Secretary of the Senate and Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, at once, the trade, occupation, or profession and the names of any organization, corporation, or association by which that member is retained and from which he accepts any retainer or salary on a monthly or yearly basis, and the date when, if any such employment began.
- (21) Each and every member of Operators—they shall be required to the Legislature shall list in said affidavit the criminal, civil and probate cases in which he has been employed, giving the names of the depensation received for their services, fendants and the offense with which the accused was charged, together with the amount of remuneration or compensation received for such Betvices, or to be received, also any amount received for representation

Said committee shall also ascer-(15) Oil Refineries—they shall tain how many members of the Legbe required to disclose the names of islature have been appointed receiv-

ers, referees or trustees in bankruptcy proceedings and received compensation therefor since they have been members of the Legislature, and the amounts of such compensation, and such members shall give full information concerning the appointment, and the administration of such estate, and the amount of receivership, or trustee or referee in bankruptcy fee or compensation fee received, and upon whose endorsement and recommendation they were ing in the interest of some candiappointed.

Said committee shall be empowered further to make a thorough investigation of the elective State officials and the heads of State Departments (hereafter referred to as State officials) filled by appointments, to ascertain whether they have been guilty of any conduct unbecoming such official, or that might bring a stigma on the office which they hold.

Said committee shall specifically inquire into the subject commonly known as patronage or job swapping, and the violation of the Nepotism Statute.

Said committee shall inquire into the recent race for Speakership of the House of Representatives; and to ascertain what special interests. if any, were actively engaged in promoting the candidacy of either aspirant to the Speakership of the House of Representatives.

Said committee shall inquire fully into contributions to the campaigns of said members and said State officials, and ascertain the amount of such contributions, and the names and addresses and occupation of the contributors; and, specifically, said committee shall ascertain whether any such contributions were made by any private corporations or by any public service corporation; the committee shall also ascertain the amount of money spent for advertising, including broadcasts over radio stations by or in behalf of said members and said elective State officials during the campaign of 1934, and shall secure the names and addresses of persons, firms, or corporations contributing money for such purposes; provided further that such company or association any money, committee shall make all such inquiries and investigations alluded to in this paragraph of all defeated candidates who ran in the same race

nation of all such public officials as are mentioned in this paragraph.

Said committee shall also ascertain whether employees of the State spent any of their time in an effort to further the candidacy of any State Department head, and whether or not they used State cars, State equipment for campaign purposes, and whether or not they traveled over the State on purported business when, in fact, they were traveldate for office, at State expense; whether such employees transported literature in State owned cars and distributed the same while on the pay roll of the State.

Both as to members of the Legislature (herein referred to as members) and as to said State officials, committee shall ascertain the whether they now own any stock in any foreign or domestic corporation, or whether they have been an officer or director of any such corporation since January 1, 1934, and if so, give the amount of the stock and the office which they held, or hold; or whether the wife or husband of any such member or State official owns stock in any such foreign or domestic corporation, and if so, give the amount thereof; and whether such member or State official, or the wife or husband of such member or State official, has received any dividend from any foreign or domestic corporation since January 1, 1934, and if so, the amount; also, whether such member or State official owes any money to such foreign or domestic corporation, and if so, give the names of the corporations and the amounts; or whether any foreign or domestic corporation owes any member of the Legislature or any State official money at this time, and if so, give the amount and what it is owed for.

The committee shall ascertain whether any members or State officials own any building and loan stock, and if so, give the amount thereof.

Said committee shall ascertain whether such member or State official at this time owes any insurance and if so, give the amount of money owed and what it is owed for.

Said Committee shall ascertain whether any member or such State at the time of the election or nomi- official owns any stock in any oil company or sulphur company, utility corporation or utility company, and if so, give the amount thereof and the consideration paid for said ization of any kind that appears, or stock.

Said committee shall also ascertain whether said member or said State officials have been issued a pass by any railroad or bus company during their tenure of office, and if so, give the names of such transportation companies and when the pass was issued, and the reason assigned for issuing the same.

Said Committee shall also ascertain whether any member or such State official is connected in any way, directly or indirectly, with any company offering to sell to the State text books or any other item whatsoever, and if so, give the names of such companies and the products they sell.

Said committee shall also ascertain whether any such member or such State official now has any relative within the second degree by affinity, or within the third degree by consanguinity, working for the State, and if so, give full details of their employment and in what department they are employed, and what part said member or said State official rendered said relative in securing said employment.

Said committee shall also be required to ascertain whether any such member or such State official now has any relative within the second degree by affinity, or within the third degree by consanguinity, working for any special interest antagonistic to the masses of the people.

Also, said committee shall ascertain whether such members or State officials have been interested in recommending any pardons or executive clemencies for any State convicts, and if so, how much money or other valuable thing, if any, they received for said recommendation or service, giving the name of the convict or convicts, and the offenses for which they were sentenced.

Said committee shall also ascertain whether any such members or State officials have appeared before any board or bureau of the State government for which they received any compensation, and if so, give the names and the addresses of the persons, firms, or corporations for whom they appeared.

Said committee shall also ascertain whether any such member or State official is a member of any who have been unduly influenced by

group, association, corporation, organization, Chamber of Commerce. labor organization, or farm organis interested in appearing before Legislative committees, whether as an organization or through a spokesman or Legislative counsel, giving the names and addresses and purposes of said organizations.

Said members and such State officials shall also be required to divulge whether they are now receiving salary, commission, or other compensation, either monthly, weekly, or yearly, from any corporation, association, partnership, co-partnership, or any individual, and if so, give the amount of such compensation and full details concerning the same; and such members and such State officials shall also state in detail the isolated fees for handling any litigation or business transaction in connection with any undertaking whatsoever.

Also, said committee shall ascertain whether or not the private business of any such member or State official requires them or permits them to sell or attempt to sell such service, goods, wares, or merchandise to any corporation.

Said committee shall also ascertain whether any such member has acted as a receiver or for a receiver in any capacity for which he received any compensation, and if so, to state the names of the receiver and the names of the companies, and the amount of compensation received and the duties performed and the period of time such member was employed in such capacity, and the member's previous experience in the line of business in which the company in receivership was engaged.

Said committee shall also ascertain whether such members or such State officials have received any picture show passes or free tickets to any legalized race meet held in this State.

The committee shall be empowered to further require such members and such State officials to disclose the complete source of their income, in addition to that received from the State, and to give the names and addresses and occupations and kind of business such persons paying such compensation were engaged in.

Such members shall be required to disclose to the committee the names of any members of the Legislature lobbyists in casting a vote while a member of either branch of the Legislature, and the names of any State officials who have been unduly influenced by any such lobbyist.

Said committee is also authorized and empowered to inquire into other matters pertinent to the investigation, whether the same are herein specifically mentioned or not.

The committee shall also ascertain whether any member of the Legislature or State official has any relative within the second degree by affinity, or within the third degree by consanguinity, working for any corporation, foreign or domestic, and, if so, when he received his employment, and upon whose recommendation and endorsement he was employed. Be it further

Resolved, That said committee, after said investigation has been completed, shall file a complete report of the Committee's findings in which there shall be set forth the names of the members of the Legislature and such State officials that have been serving "two masters at one and the same time," and who have been "representing interests that are antagonistic to, and conflicting with, the interests of the masses of the people," and shall give the detailed evidence sustaining such charges, and shall name specifically the acts of mis-feasance or malfeasance of which such members or such State officials have been guilty. and shall set forth the evidence sustaining the same.

After said committee has completed its investigation, it shall define in writing the phrase "interests that are antagonistic to, and conflicting with, the interests of the masses." and shall incorporate said definition in the complete report referred to in the paragraph next preceding this. Be it further

Resolved, That said committee shall have full power and authority, to administer oaths and to hold public hearings and/or executive sessions as to the committee may from time to time seem advisable, to summon and subpoena witnesses, to take testimony, and to examine the books and records of such members and such State officials, and any and all other persons, firms, and corporations necessary to get the full and mittee shall have the authority to lows:

employ all and necessary assistants. attorneys, investigations, auditors, and clerks needed to conduct said investigation; and to pay the expenses of such investigation by warrants signed by the Chairman of said committee and drawn on the contingent expense funds of the Senate and the House of Representatives, jointly; and the sum of Ten Thousand (\$10,000) Dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to pay such expenses. Be it further

Resolved, That the report of the said committee shall be published in the Journal of the Senate and in the Journal of the House of Representatives.

It is declared to be the purpose of this Resolution to provide a thorough investigation into all rumors, insinuations, charges, and complaints concerning members of the Legislature, elected State officials, and the heads of all departments, bureaus, boards, and commissions of the State government to the end that the people of the State may know from a reliable source whether such officials have been guilty of any such alleged misconduct, or whether said charges and rumors have been spread abroad as political propaganda; and to ascertain what legislation, if any, is needed to protect the State against the alleged abuses, mal-feasance, and mis-feasance complained of.

It is further declared that the statements herein contained are not to be construed as charges or indictments against any member of the Legislature or of any State official, but are used purely in instituting an investigation to determine the truth or falsity of such rumors, insinuations, and charges.

Adopted.

Senate Resolution No. 46.

Senator Woodruff asked unanimous consent to call from the Committee on Rules S. R. No. 46.

Unanimous consent was granted.

By Senator Woodruff:

Be it resolved by the Senate of the State of Texas, That the Senate Rule No. 106 adopted under the provisions of Senate Resolution No. 22 of complete facts bearing upon the offi- the Regular Session of the Fortycial conduct of said members and fourth Legislature, 1935, be amendsaid State officials; and said com- ed so as hereafter to read as fol-

"106. No bills or resolutions other than local bills (as defined in Rule No. 104), emergency matters submitted by the Governor in special messages to the Legislature, acting upon appointments of the Governor, (whether recess appointments or otherwise) shall be taken up and considered, or acted upon by the Senate during the first 40 calendar days of the session, except by affirmative vote of four-fifths of the membership: Section 5 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, in so far as same applies to procedure in the consideration of bills and resolutions before the Senate is hereby suspended as to all matters after the first 40 calendar days of the Regular Session of 1935. and it shall be in order to consider bills and resolutions in the Senate under the rules of the Senate at any time during the Forty-fourth Legislature from and after the 40th calendar day thereof.

Senator Rawlings sent up the following amendment:

Amend S. R. No. 46 by adding

thereto the following:

Provided however, this rule shall not modify or suspend Senate Rule 102, limiting the introduction of bills and resolutions to the first 60 calendar days of the session.

RAWLINGS.

Read and adopted.

S. R. No. 46 was adopted amended by the following vote:

Yeas-28.

Beck. Oneal. Blackert. Pace. Burns. Poage. Collie. Rawlings. Cotten. Redditt. Davis. Regan. Duggan. Sanderford. Holbrook. Shivers. Small. Hopkins. Hornsby. Stone. Hughston. Sulak. Martin. Van Zandt. Moore. Westerfeld. Neal. Woodruff.

Absent—Excused.

DeBerry.

Hill.

Fellbaum.

H. C. R. No. 34.

The Chair laid before the Senate historical purposes, and

H. C. R. No. 34, "Authorizing the Enrolling Clerk to correct the caption to H. B. No. 515 to conform to the body of the bill."

Senator Shivers moved that the Senate rule requiring resolutions to be referred to a committee be suspended and that H. C. R. No. 34 be taken up and considered at this time.

The motion prevailed by viva voce vote.

Senator Shivers moved the adoption of H. C. R. No. 34.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Yeas—28.

Beck. Oneal. Blackert. Pace. Poage. Burns. Collie. Rawlings. Cotten. Redditt. Davis. Regan. Duggan. Sanderford. Holbrook. Shivers. Small. Hopkins. Hornsby. Stone. Sulak. Hughston. Martin. Van Zandt. Westerfeld. Moore. Neal. Woodruff.

Absent-Excused.

DeBerry. Felibaum. Hill.

S. J. R. No. 3.

Senator Blackert announced a public hearing on S. J. R. No. 3 before the Committee on Constitutional Amendments at 3 o'clock p. m., next Monday.

S. C. R. No. 18.

Senator Woodruff received unanimous consent to send up the following resolution:

By Senators Woodruff and Horns_ by:

Whereas, In the files of the Board of Control, there are great volumes of cancelled bids and rejected bids and other documents of no historical or record value to the State, present or prospective and

Whereas. The storage space of the Board of Control is conjested to the extent that there remains little space left for filing and storage of current files of documents of some value, as records, as well as for

Whereas, The conjected condition of said storage rooms in the basement of the Capitol and elsewhere in the building, constitutes a fire hazard of serious and threatening proportions; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate of the Legislature of the State of Texas. the House of Representatives of said body concurring, That the Board of Control be and it is, hereby instructed to go through its files in said storage rooms and remove therefrom such papers and documents as have been on file at least three years and in the judgment of the Board of Control, shall have and can have no possible historical record, or other value to the State of Texas and to dispose of same in such manner as the Board of Control deems best, and be it

Resolved further, That the Board of Control be, and it is hereby directed, to exercise great care and caution in the classification of said papers and documents so to be disposed of, to the end that nothing of any possible value to the State shall be removed and destroyed, and

Resolved further, That the Board of Control be, and it is hereby directed to make a record description of all papers so disposed of and retain said record in the files of the Board of Control, said record description to be certified by a majority of the members of the Board.

Read and referred to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Messages From the House.

The Chair recognized the Doorkeeper, who introduced a messenger from the House with the following messages:

Hall of the House of Representatives, Austin, Texas, Feb. 18, 1935. Hon. Walter F. Woodul, President of

Sir: I am directed by the House to inform the Senate that the House has passed the following bills:

S. B. No. 118, A bill to be entitled "An Act to amend Section 4, S. B. No. 9, Chapter 5, Acts Second Called Session, Forty-third Legislature, and declaring an emergency."

(With amendments.)

"An Act amending House Bill No. Governor's nominations:

226, Section 9, enacted by the Regular Session of the Forty-fourth Legislature; providing for the terms of the Special District Court of Gregg County, Texas, and declaring an emergency."

The House has concurred in Senate amendments to H. B. No. 515 by a vote of 119 yeas and 0 nays.

Respectfully submitted. LOUISE SNOW PHINNEY, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

Hall of the House of Representatives, Austin, Texas, Feb. 18, 1935. Hon. Walter F. Woodul, President of The Senate.

Sir: I am directed by the House to inform the Senate that the House has passed the following resolution:

H. C. R. No. 33, Authorizing the State Highway Department to lend certain equipment to Van Zandt County for repairing the Court House Square at Canton, Texas.

Respectfully submitted, LOUISE SNOW PHINNEY, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

Hall of the House of Representatives. Austin, Texas, Feb. 18, 1935. Hon. Walter F. Woodul, President of the Senate.

Sir: I am directed by the House to inform the Senate that the House has passed the following resolution:

H. C. R. No. 34, Authorizing the Enrolling Clerk of the House to correct the caption of H. B. No. 515 to conform to the body of the bill.

Respectfully submitted, LOUISE SNOW PHINNEY, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

Bills and Resolutions Referred.

H. B. No. 445 was referred to the Committee on Judicial Districts.

H. C. R. No. 33 was referred to the Committee on Highways and Motor Traffic.

Executive Session.

At 11:45 o'clock a. m., the Chair announced that the time set for executive session had arrived, the chamber was cleared and the doors locked.

After Executive Session.

The Secretary of the Senate informed the Journal Clerk that the H. B. No. 445, A bill to be entitled | Senate had confirmed the following To serve as directors of the Colorado Valley Authority:

2 year term—J. R. Key, of Lampasas County.

4 year term—C. R. Pennington, of Taylor County.

6 year term—R. W. Yarborough, of Travis County.

Senate Bill No. 135.

Senator Shivers called up S. B. No. 135.

The Chair laid before the Senate on its second reading the following bill:

By Senator Shivers:

S. B. No. 135, A bill to be entitled "An Act amending Chapter 18, Acts of the Forty-third Legislature, Second Called Session, page 54, (Article 3886-B) providing for the maximum compensation of assistant county attorneys and other employees of the county attorney in all counties in the State having a population of one hundred thousand and one (100,001) inhabitants and not more than one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000) inhabitants and containing two cities of fifty thousand (50,000) population or more each according to the last Federal census of 1930; providing for the compensation of assistant county attorneys and other employees of the county attorneys in such counties; repealing all laws and parts of laws in conflict herewith providing that this Act shall become effective from and after its passage and declaring an emergency."

The committee report recommending that the bill be not printed was adopted by unanimous consent.

Senator Shivers asked unanimous consent to send up the following amendment:

Amend S. B. No. 135 by striking out the words and figures "one hundred thousand (100,000)" where-ever they occur and insert in lieu thereof the following "one hundred twenty-five thousand and one (125,001.)."

SHIVERS.

Adopted.

The bill was read second time as amended and passed to engrossment by viva voce vote.

On motion of Senator Shivers the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days was suspended and S. B. No. 135 was put on its third reading and final passage by the following vote:

Yeas-28.

Beck. Oneal. Pace. Blackert. Burns. Poage. Rawlings. Collie. Cotten. Redditt. Davis. Regan. Sanderford. Duggan. Holbrook. Shivers. Hopkins. Small. Hornsby. Stone. Hughston. Sulak. Van Zandt. Martin. Westerfeld. Moore. Neal. Woodruff.

Absent-Excused.

DeBerry. Fellbaum.

Hill.

Read third time and finally passed by the following vote:

Yeas-28.

Beck. Oneal. Blackert. Pace. Poage. Burns. Collie. Rawlings. Cotten. Redditt. Davis. Regan. Sanderford. Duggan. Shivers. Holbrook. Hopkins. Small. Hornsby. Stone. Hughston. Sulak. Martin. Van Zandt. Moore. Westerfeld. Woodruff. Neal.

Absent-Excused.

DeBerry. Fellbaum. Hill.

Adjournment.

On motion of Senator Pace, the Senate, at 12:10 o'clock p. m., adjourned until 10 o'clock a. m. Tuesday

APPENDIX.

Committee Reports.

Committee Room,
Austin, Texas, Feb. 18, 1935.
Hon. Walter F. Woodul, President of
the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Counties, to whom was referred

S. B. No. 299, A bill to be entitled "An Act to provide that in all counties having a population of three hundred fifty-five thousand (355,-000) inhabitants or more according to the last preceding or any future federal census, the county judge, sheriff, county clerk, criminal district attorney, district clerk, assessor and collector of taxes, justices of the peace and constables thereof, shall, subject to the conditions hereinafter set out, be entitled to draw and receive such annual compensation as is allowed them under the terms of Article 3883 of the Revised Civil Statutes, as amended by Section 1 of Chapter 220 of the Acts of the Fortythird Legislature, appearing at page 734 of said Acts, in monthly installments in all cases in which the earnings and/or collections are sufficient for the purpose, and such of the deputies, assistants, and employees of said officials as are now or may be compensated from fees of office shall also be authorized to receive such compensation as is now or may hereafter be provided for them by law in monthly installments provided the earnings and/or collections are sufficent for the purpose, etc."

Have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be not printed.

NEAL, Vice-Chairman

Committee Room, Austin, Texas, Feb. 14, 1935. Hon. Walter F. Woodul, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Public Health, to whom was referred

S. B. No. 181, increasing the powers and duties of the State Board of Embalming so as to maintain a standard of proficiency.

Have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass, with the committee amendment.

BECK, Chairman.

Committee Amendment.

Amend Senate Bill No. 181, by striking out all words after the word "Health" in the last line of Section 4 thereof and insert, in lieu thereof. the following: ", and subject further to the right of appeal from the State Board of Health to the District Court of the county of the said funeral director. Said funeral director shall have thirty days in which to appeal to said State Board of Health, and shall likewise have thirty days in which to appeal from the decision of the State Board of Health to the District Court. Trial in the District. Court shall be de novo; and pending any appeal either to the State Board of Health or from the State Board of Health to the District Court, said license shall remain in full force and effect."

Minutes of Committee Meetings.

Minutes of Senate Committee on Public Health, February 14, 1935, Regular Meeting.

Present: Beck, Holbrook, Hornsby, Oneal, Redditt, Small, Woodruff, Davis, Hughston.

Absent: Sanderford, Rawlings-Excused.

- S. B. No. 184, by Small, was reported favorably, with committee amendments.
- S. B. No. 152, by Poage, was reported favorably, with committee amendment.
- S. B. No. 181, by Hornsby, was reported favorably, with committee amendment.
- S. B. No. 89, by Shivers, was reported favorably.
- S. B. No. 84, by Beck, was reported favorably by the following vote:

Yeas: Beck, Hornsby, Small, Davis, Hughston.

Nays: Holbrook, Woodruff. BECK, Chairman.

In Memory

nf

Mrs. Thomas M. Campbell

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 47.

Whereas, On November 15th, 1934, Mrs. Thomas M. Campbell, "First Lady" of Texas from 1907 to 1911, while her illustrious husband served as Governor, passed from her high place on earth to her heavenly reward and was laid to rest by his side in Palestine, where they lived most of their married life, and

Whereas, Mrs Campbell, a daughter of the Old South, was a native of Mississippi, where she was born of distinguished parentage, and where as a girl she received a cultural and thorough education which equipped her for the place she was destined to occupy in this State. In 1878 she was married to Thomas M. Campbell and during their long married life, until his death in 1923, she shared equally with him the honors, the joys and the sorrows of public and private life. The grace and competency with which she presided as mistress of the Governor's Mansion added to the success of his administration and her generous kindness brought pleasure to thousands. Likewise, her loyal devotion and wise counsel as wife and mother was part and parcel of the undaunted courage and distinguished service so conclusively manifested by the public and private life of Governor Campbell. She was a devout Christian and maintained her interest in civic social and religious affairs until her last illness, and

Whereas, Mrs. Campbell is survived by three daughters, Mrs. Drew S. Womack and Mrs. C. V. Dilley of Palestine and Mrs. R. R. Allen of Washington, D. C. Her son. Thomas M. Campbell, Jr., now deceased, formerly served as State Fire Insurance Commissioner of Texas. Also surviving her are a sister, Mrs. George T. Reynolds of Dallas and a number of grand children; and, therefore, be it

Resolved, by the Senate of Texas. That we express our deepest and tenderest sympathy to all members of Mrs. Campbell's bereaved family of this good and noble woman; and that the Secretary of the Senate be instructed to send a copy of this resolution to her family, and that a page of the Senate Journal be set aside for this resolution and when the Senate adjourns today it shall be in memory of Mrs. Campbell.

Senator Pace requested the names of all the Senators be added.

COTTEN, HOPKINS, BECK, HORNSBY, BLACKERT. HUGHSTON, BURNS. MARTIN, COLLIE, MOORE. DAVIS, NEAL DeBERRY, ONEAL, DUGGAN. PACE, FELLBAUM. POAGE. HILL, RAWLINGS, HOLBROOK, REDDITT.

REGAN, SANDERFORD, SHIVERS, SMALI, STONE, SULAK, VAN ZANDT, WESTERFELD, WOODRUFF, WOODUL, Lt. Gov.

Adopted by a rising vote.